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Just as a demonstration of creating plots within LaTeX (using the PGFPlots package), in Figure 1 we show a simple plot, where the Y axis is the square of the X axis. The minimum value in this distribution is 1.000, and 2500.000 is the maximum. Take a look into the LaTeX source and you'll see these numbers are actually macros that were calculated from the same dataset (they will change if the dataset, or function that produced it, changes).

The individual PDF file of Figure 1 is available under the tex/build/tikz/ directory of your build directory. You can use this PDF file in other contexts (for example in slides showing your progress or after publishing the work). If you want to directly use the PDF file in the figure without having to let TiKZ decide if it should be remade or not, you can also comment the makepdf macro at the top of this LATEX source file.

PGFPlots is a great tool to build the plots within LATEX and removes the necessity to add further dependencies (to create the plots) to your reproduction pipeline. High-level language

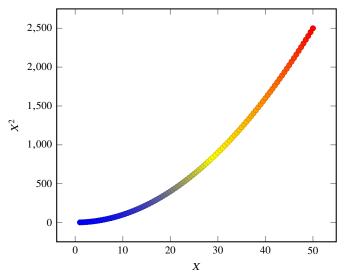


Figure 1: A very basic X^2 plot for demonstration.

libraries like Matplotlib do exist to also generate plots. However, bare in mind that they require many dependencies (Python, Numpy and etc). Installing these dependencies from source (after several years when the binaries are no longer available in common repositories), is not easy and will harm the reproducibility of your paper.

Furthermore, since PGFPlots is built by LATEX it respects all the properties of your text (for example line width and fonts and etc), so the final plot blends in your paper much more nicely. It also has a wonderful manual³.

This pipeline also defines two LATEX macros that allow you to mark text within your document as *new* and *notes*. For example, this text has been marked as new. [While this one is marked as tonote.] If you comment the line (by adding a '%' at the start of the line or simply deleting the line) that defines highlightchanges, then the one that was marked new will

https://gitlab.com/makhlaghi/muse-udf-origin-only-hst-magnitudes

² https://gitlab.com/makhlaghi/muse-udf-photometry-astrometry

³ http://mirrors.ctan.org/graphics/pgf/contrib/pgfplots/doc/pgfplots.pdf

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After publication, don't forget to upload all the necessary data, software source code and the reproduction pipeline to a long-lasting host like Zenodo (https://zenodo.org).

3. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Please include the following two paragraphs in the Acknowledgement section of your paper. This reproduction pipeline was developed in parallel with Gnuastro, so it benefited from the same grants. If you don't use any of these packages in the final/customized pipeline, please remove them.

This research was partly done using GNU Astronomy Utilities (Gnuastro, ascl.net/1801.009) version 0.7.63-39ab, and reproduction pipeline v0-105-g3a28b5f. Work on Gnuastro and the reproduction pipeline has been funded by the Japanese Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science, and Technology (MEXT) scholarship and its Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research (21244012, 24253003), the European Research Council (ERC) advanced grant 339659-MUSICOS, European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under Marie Sklodowska-Curie grant agreement No 721463 to the SUNDIAL ITN, and from the Spanish Ministry of Economy and Competitiveness (MINECO) under grant number AYA2016-76219-P.

The following free software tools were also critical component of this research (in alphabetical order): Bzip2 1.0.6, CFITSIO 3.45, CMake 3.12.4, cURL 7.62.0, Git 2.19.1, GNU Bash 4.4.18, GNU Coreutils 8.30, GNU AWK 4.2.1, GNU Grep 3.1, GNU Libtool 2.4.6, GNU Make 4.2.90, GNU Sed 4.5, GNU Scientific Library (GSL) 2.5, GNU Tar 1.30, GNU Which 2.21, Lzip 1.20, GPL Ghostscript 9.25, Libgit2 0.26.0, Libtiff 4.0.10, WC-SLIB 6.2, XZ Utils 5.2.4, and ZLib 1.2.11. The final paper was produced with TEX Live 2018, using the following packages: TEX 3.14159265, EC 1.0, NewTX 1.554, Fontaxes 1.0d, Keyval, 2.7a, Etoolbox 2.5f, Xcolor 2.12, Setspace 6.7a, Caption 2018-10-05, Footmisc 5.5b, Datetime 2.60, Fmtcount 3.05, Titlesec 2.10.2, Preprint 2011, Ulem 2016-06-24, BibLATEX 3.12, Biber 2.12, Logreq 1.0, PGF/TiKZ 3.0.1a, PGFPlots 1.16, FP 2016-06-24, Courier 2016-06-24, T_FX-gyre 2.501, TXFonts 2016-06-24, Times 2016-06-24. We are very grateful to all their creators for freely providing this necessary infrastructure. This research would not be possible without them.

References

Akhlaghi, M. and T. Ichikawa (Sept. 2015). *ApJS*, 220, 1. Bacon, R. et al. (Nov. 2017). *A&A*, 608, A1.